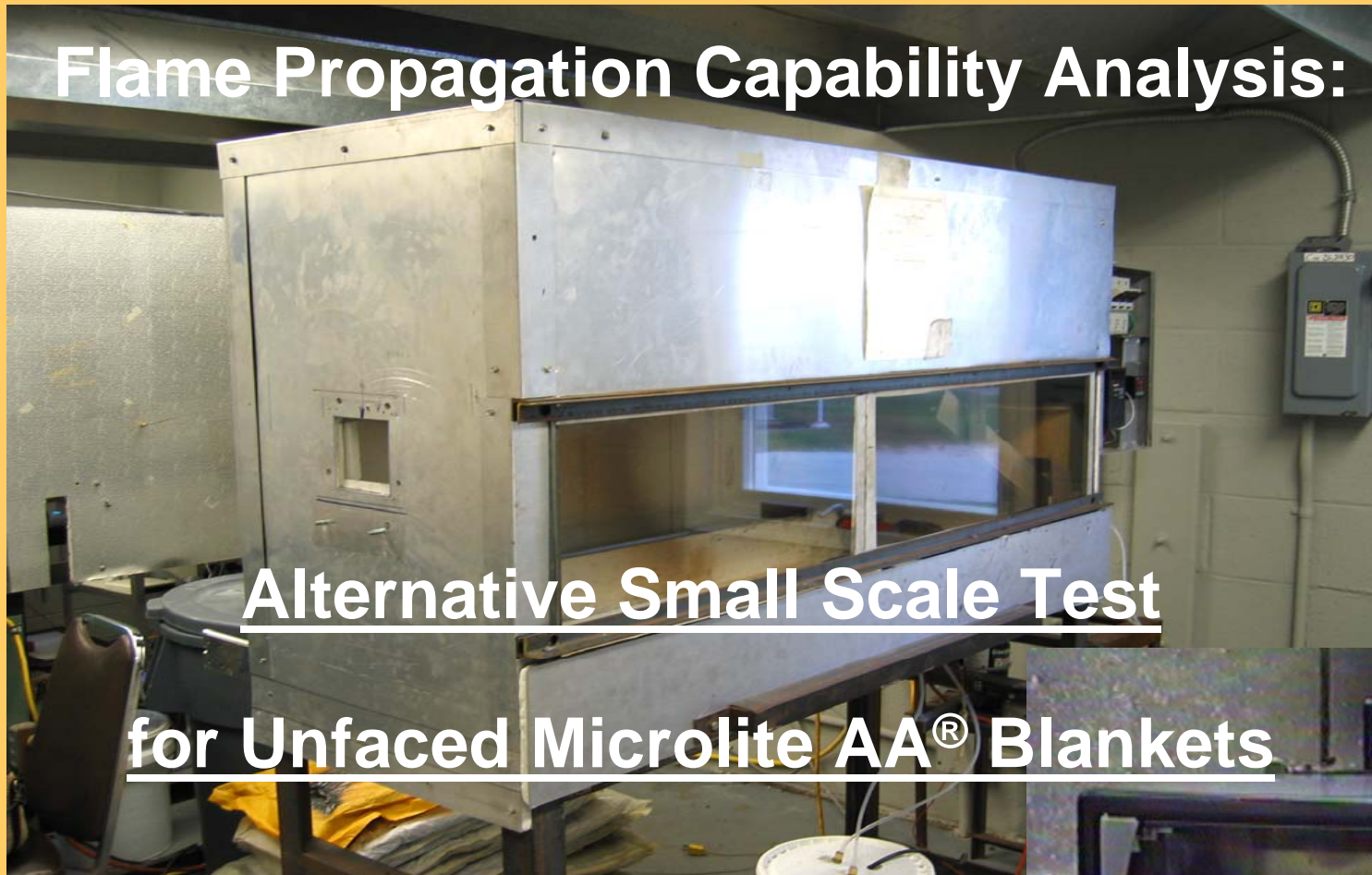


Flame Propagation Capability Analysis:

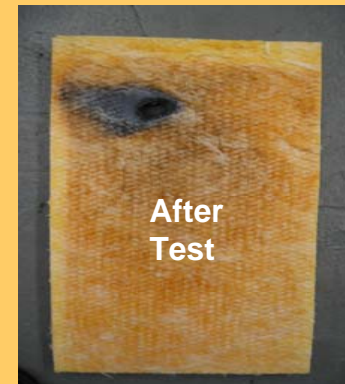
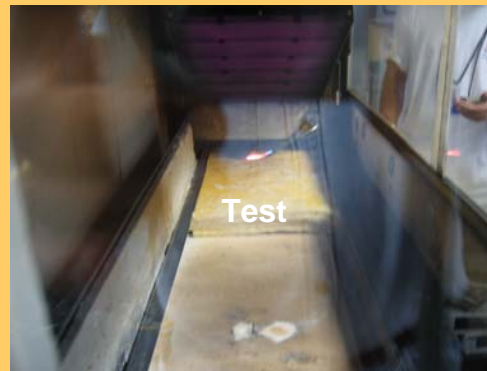
Alternative Small Scale Test

for Unfaced Microlite AA[®] Blankets



Purpose of Study

- Confirm/verify unfaced Microlite AA glass blankets comply with FAA flame propagation requirements
- Determine product capability



Scope of Product Tested

- Density 0.34 pcf to 1.5 pcf
- Thickness 3/8" to 1"
- Binder content 13% to 20%
- Top vs bottom surface
- Evaluate product from multiple production runs (5 code dates per product over 4 year period)



Test results

- Flame Propagation No failures
- After Flame No failures

Test equipment – FAA test rig (gas & electric)

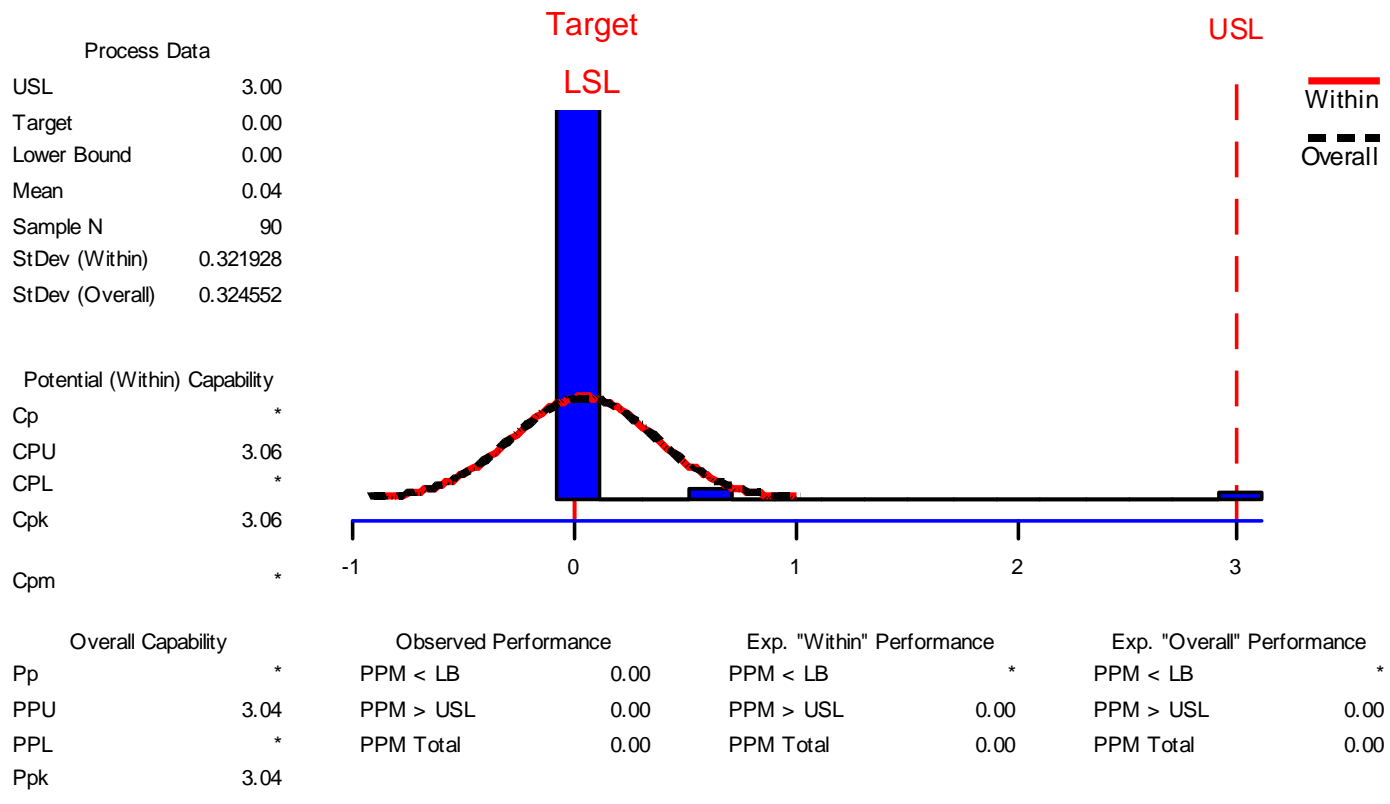
Test Results – Partial List

Product		Prem .34 pcf x 1"			Std 0.42 pcf x 1"			Std 1.5 pcf x 3/8"		
Sample #	Blanket Orientation	AF* (Sec)	FP (In)	R P/F	AF* (Sec)	FP (In)	R P/F	AF* (Sec)	FP (In)	R P/F
ID.		80402636			6246			90203630		
1	Top	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
2	Top	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
3	Top	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
4	Bottom	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
5	Bottom	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
6	Bottom	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
ID.		102202323			12212223 ½" thick			102212323		
1	Top	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
2	Top	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
3	Top	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
4	Bottom	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
5	Bottom	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P
6	Bottom	0	0	P	0	0	P	0	0	P

AF – after flame FP- flame propagation R - results

Capability Analysis

Process Capability Analysis for After flame



No capability analysis performed on Flame propagation since there were no failures.

Development small scale test

(In process test method for plain fiber glass)

- Simple/quick QA check
- Simple design/operation
- Short test cycle
- Quick start-up



Reproducible
Correlation to FAA test

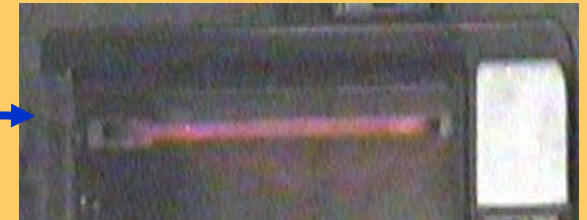
Methodology

- Multi-factorial DOE to generate samples with flame propagation or after flame
- Establish product standards utilizing FAA test rig
- Design and build small scale radiant panel
- Develop & verify test parameters
 - Establish robust test setting
 - Conduct Gage R&R (Reproducibility & Repeatability)

Equipment



- Radiant heat



- Power control

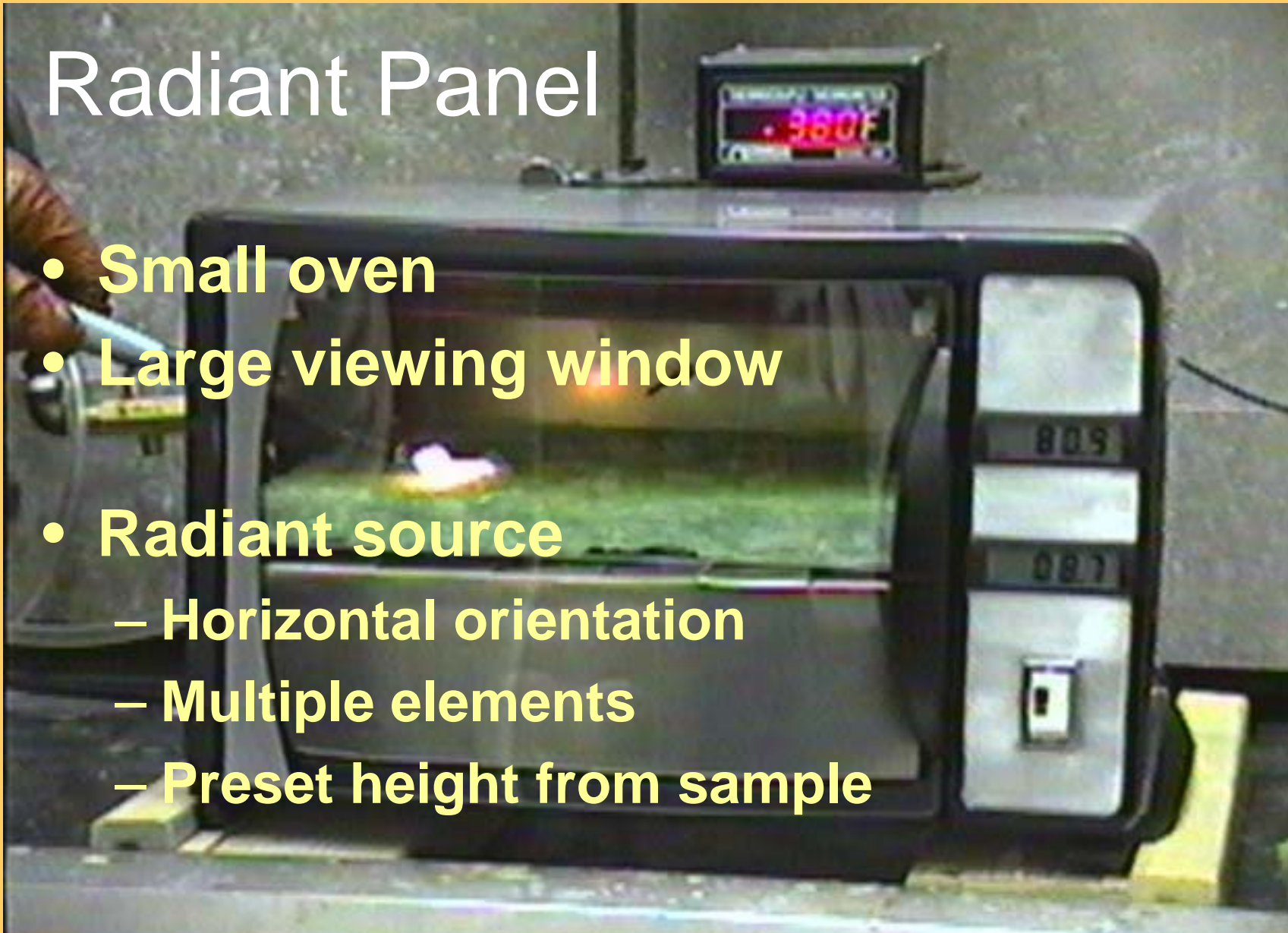


- Flame source



Radiant Panel

- Small oven
- Large viewing window
- Radiant source
 - Horizontal orientation
 - Multiple elements
 - Preset height from sample



Power Control

- Heat flux control
 - Constant power
 - Variable voltage regulator
 - Preset input - (voltage/amp)
- Temperature measurement
 - Type "K" thermocouple



Flame source

- Butane flame
- Self igniting
- Flame length 1" to 1 ½"
- Flame angled – 20 degrees
- Burner ¼" - ½" from sample

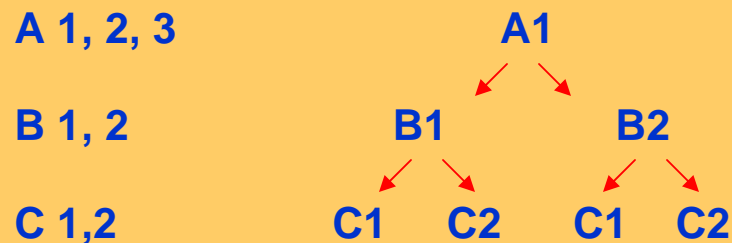


Multi-factorial DOE design

Produce samples to show
flame propagation or after flame

- Design layout - 3 factor – multi-variable
- Conduct plant trial to produce samples
- Evaluate samples at FAA
Identify which samples show
flame propagation and/or after flame

Multi-Factorial Design



FAA Radiant Panel tests (Electric Panel)

- Evaluate samples from DOE
- Check for Flame propagation
- Check for After flame



Results:

- One sample showed Flame propagation
- No samples showed After flame



Develop test parameters for small scale test

- Use results from FAA Test Rig as control
- Goal – Provide similar results as FAA test rig
- Establish test parameters
 - power setting
 - temperature
 - time
 - measurement technique

Robust test setting

- Flame Propagation – Parameters provide similar results to FAA tests:
 - Power settings - voltage & amperage
 - Temperature (Start Temp 385F)
 - Flame length (1 “to 1 1/2”)
 - Test time (7-10 seconds)
- After Flame
 - No after flame was observed
 - Results same as FAA



Gage R&R

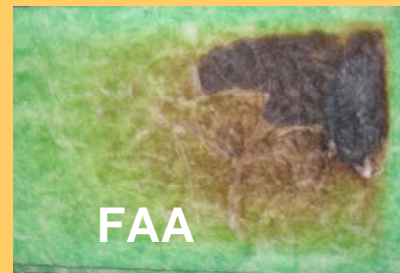
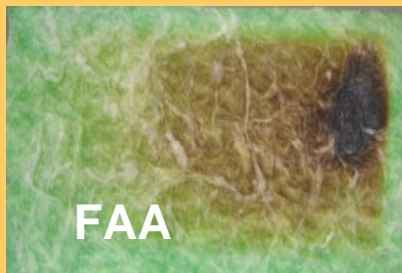
Reproducibility & Repeatability

- Gage R&R was $< 23\%$
Meets criteria for use as test method for process control
- $< 2\%$ for Reproducibility – operator factor
- $< 23\%$ Repeatability - equipment

Statistical baseline gage R&R allows for process control $< 30\%$

Comparison of FAA Radiant panel to Small scale test

- Results same for either method
- FAA radiant panel is primary test standard
- Small scale test method considered secondary standard
- Small scale test acceptable for use as process monitor for testing unfaced fiber glass



Recap

- Capability analysis <1 chance in a million for Microlite AA failure for after flame or flame propagation (for product tested using FAA radiant panel)
- JM continue to certify to FAR 25.853 Appendix F part I standard for flame spread and punking (standard used for all product tested for study)
- JM implement use of small scale radiant test panel as part of quality assurance program
- Test Report E436-T-03973
Available for Review (shumatem@jm.com)