Burnthrough Round Robin

Phase 3 Update

Presented to: IAMFTFM

By: Timothy Salter

Date: June 18-19, 2019, Cologne, Germany





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Introduction

Insulation burnthrough test method

- Evaluate Sonic burner configuration update in Chapter 24 of the Fire Test Handbook
- Focus on:
 - Repeatability
 - Within lab consistency
 - Reproducibility
 - Lab to lab consistency





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Phases of Study

Phase 1

- Old stator design with igniters and ignition wires in draft tube
- PAN material and insulation blankets tested

Phase 2

- Igniterless stator, eliminates igniters and ignition wires in draft tube, increase burner air pressure from 60 psi to 65 psi
- PAN material tested only

Phase 3

- Igniterless stator, Delevan 6.0 gal/hr fuel nozzle, air pressure remains at 65 psi
- PAN material tested only



Phase 3 Current Status

Test items provided to labs:

- 5 PAN-8579 light felt material
- 5 PAN-8611 heavy felt material
- Delevan 6.0 gal/hr, type-B, 80-degree, solid spray pattern fuel nozzle
- Detailed instructions
- 9 labs currently involved
 - <u>4 labs have returned data so far</u>



Phase 3: Test Results







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Phase 3: Test Results



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Phase 2 and 3 Comparison





A =

B B

C

D

E

F F

G

= H



Phase 2 and 3 Comparison



es 8611 Average Burnthrough Times

A

B

C

D 🛛

E

F

G

= H

J J

= K



8611 Sample ID Across All Test Labs Average BT: 336.0 s Std Dev: 66.2 s % Std Dev: 19.7%



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Within Lab Repeatability for Phase 1, 2, and 3





Lab to Lab Reproducibility for Phase 1, 2, and 3





Phase 3: FAATC Test Results

- Good repeatability within each lab
 - ~3.8% Std Dev for PAN-8579 felt material
 - ~3.0% Std Dev for PAN-8611 felt material
- Reproducibility among labs has improved as more data is returned
 - ~14.4% Std Dev for PAN-8579 felt material
 - ~19.7% Std Dev for PAN-8611 felt material
- Investigate reason for reproducibility issue
 - Warped test frame?
 - Felt pulling out of frame?
 - Loose wires on test frame?



Sample Pulling Away from Frame





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Loose Test Frame Wires





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International Aircraft Materials Fire Test Forum Meeting Sonic Oil Burner Testing & Sonic Burner Video Update

Presented to: International Aircraft Materials Fire Test Forum

By: Tim Salter, FAA Technical Center Date: June 18-19, 2019, Cologne, Germany

Sonic Burner Cargo Liner Test: Air Shroud Round Robin Update

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Purpose of Round Robin Study

- Conduct cargo liner air shroud round robin to determine if it is an effective means of reducing the influence of airflow around the sample and improving test result repeatability and reproducibility
- The air shroud may be incorporated into Chapter 8 of the Fire Test Handbook should the study results prove it is effective





Shroud Design

Design

- 18-gage perforated aluminum
- Mounted with threaded rod on top of sample frame
- No frame modifications

FAA TC Results

- Reduced temperature fluctuations
- Measured peak temperatures equivalent to unshrouded tests





Shroud Round Robin

Test items provided to labs:

- 10 liner samples
 - 5 samples to be tested with the shroud
 - 5 samples to be tested without the shroud
- Two liner types being tested
 - Polyester infused woven fiberglass (4 labs)
 - Tedlar surfaced woven fiberglass/epoxy (5 labs)
- Fire resistant board used in place of wall panel
 - Sample tested in ceiling panel position only
- Detailed instructions

8 labs currently involved

- <u>4 labs have produced data</u>
 - Working to get test materials shipped to 2 labs



Test Results



Lab A

Lab B



Lab D

Lab E

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Test Results – Lab A





Test Results – Lab B





Test Results – Lab D





Test Results – Lab E





Summary

- Lab A
 - Increased repeatability, less temperature fluctuation, and slightly lower peak temperatures with shroud
- Lab B
 - Increased repeatability, less temperature fluctuation, and slightly elevated peak temperatures with shroud
- Lab D
 - Slightly increased repeatability, equal temperature fluctuation, and slightly lower peak temperatures with shroud
- Lab E
 - Decreased repeatability, more temperature fluctuation, and significantly elevated peak temperatures with shroud
- Mixed data results
 - Need more data to support effectiveness of shroud



Sonic Burner Seat Cushion Test: Air Shroud Development and Round Robin Study

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Seat Cushion Shroud

Same purpose as cargo shroud

- Reduce influence of airflow at sample
- Can significantly effect sample burning

Modified cargo shroud design

- Perforated aluminum
- Open on flame side
- Does not interfere with sample mounting
- Seat shroud round robin
 - Awaiting shipment of test samples
 - Looking for labs to participate





Sonic Burner Assembly and Operation Instructional Video

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Sonic Burner Instructional Video

- Focused on Sonic burner assembly and operation
 - Information not found in current documentation
 - Applies to any Sonic burner test method
- Viewing planned for seat task group
 - Other task groups if time allows
- Final video will be posted on Fire Safety website https://www.fire.tc.faa.gov



Insulation Burnthrough Video

- Currently working on instructional video for the insulation burnthrough test method
- Script is based on chapter 24 of the FTH
- Will focus on testing with the Sonic burner







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