### NexGen Burner for Seat Cushion Fire Testing

International Aircraft Materials Fire Test Working Group June 18, 2009 Köln, Germany



# Outline

- Background
- Objective
- NexGen Burner Configuration
- Results
- Future Work



## Background

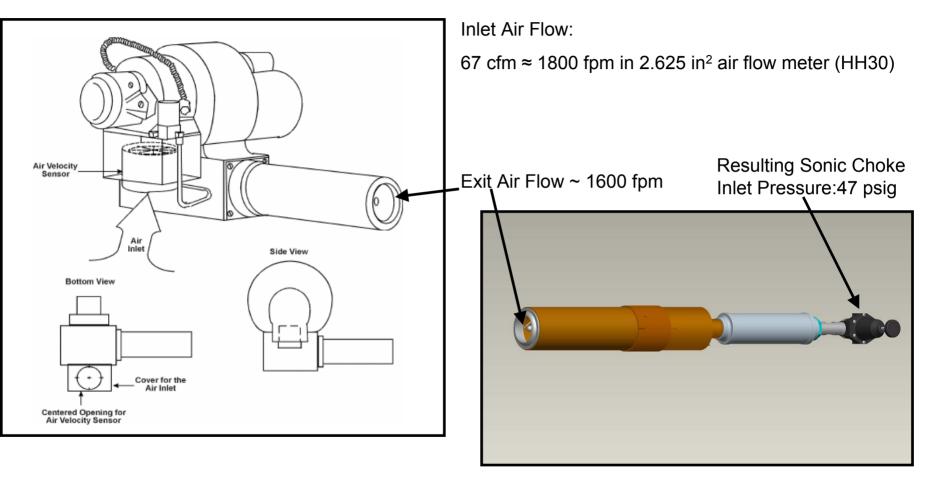
- Lack of availability of burners for seat cushion fire testing has resulted in the need for a readily available, equivalent burner
- The NexGen burner has already been found to provide equivalent results to the Park burner for thermal acoustic insulation burnthrough testing



### Objective

- Configure a NexGen burner to achieve the calibration standards set in chapter 7 of the Aircraft Materials Fire Test Handbook
  - Fuel flow rate of 2.0 gph ± 0.1 gph
  - Equivalent to an inlet air flow of 67 ± 4 cfm
  - 30-second average heat flux of at least 10 BTU/ft<sup>2</sup>s
  - Flame temperatures of at least 1800°F on 5 of 7 thermocouples and at least 1750°F on at most 2 thermocouples
  - 30-second average of 7 thermocouples at least 1800°F

### **Equivalent Air Flow Rate**



Note: Exit flow measurements taken with turbulator on

NexGen Burner for Seat Cushion Fire Testing

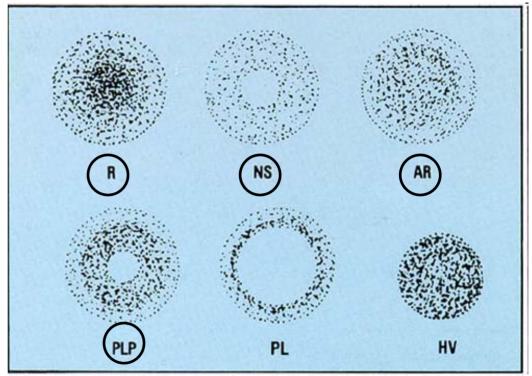
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# **Fuel Flow Rate**

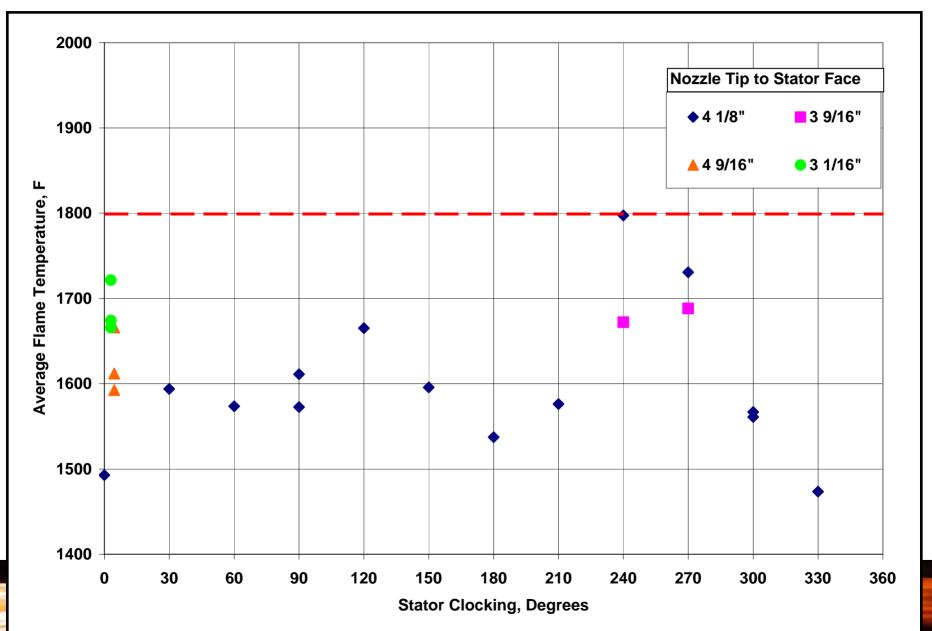
- Fuel flow rate is dictated by
  - Specific nozzle used
  - Inlet fuel pressure
  - Fuel viscosity
- Several nozzle types were attempted
  - R: Solid
  - NS: Hollow
  - AR: Special Solid
  - PLP: Semi Solid



www.monarchnozzles.com



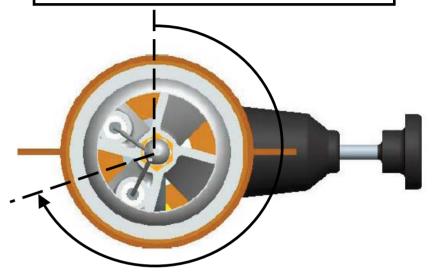
#### Average Flame Temperature – 2.25 80° PLP



# **Final NexGen Burner Settings**

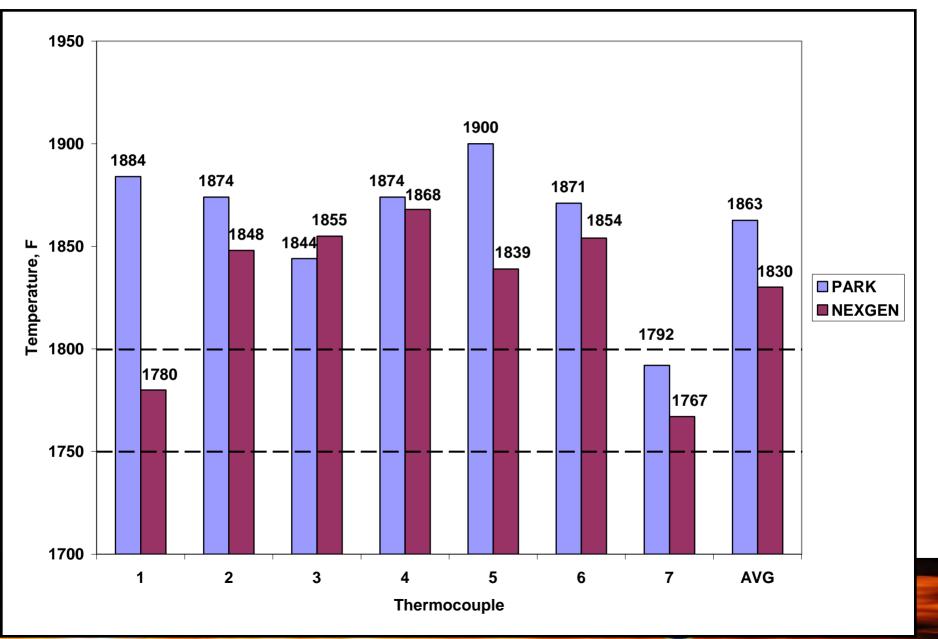
- Fuel Nozzle
  - 2.25 gph-rated 80° AR @ 114 psig → 2.04 gph
- Stator Distance
  - 3 1/16" back from nozzle tip
- Stator Clocking
  - Approximately 262° from vertical
- Air Flow
  - Sonic choke inlet pressure = 47 psig → 1600 fpm exit velocity

Stator Clocking Measurement Example

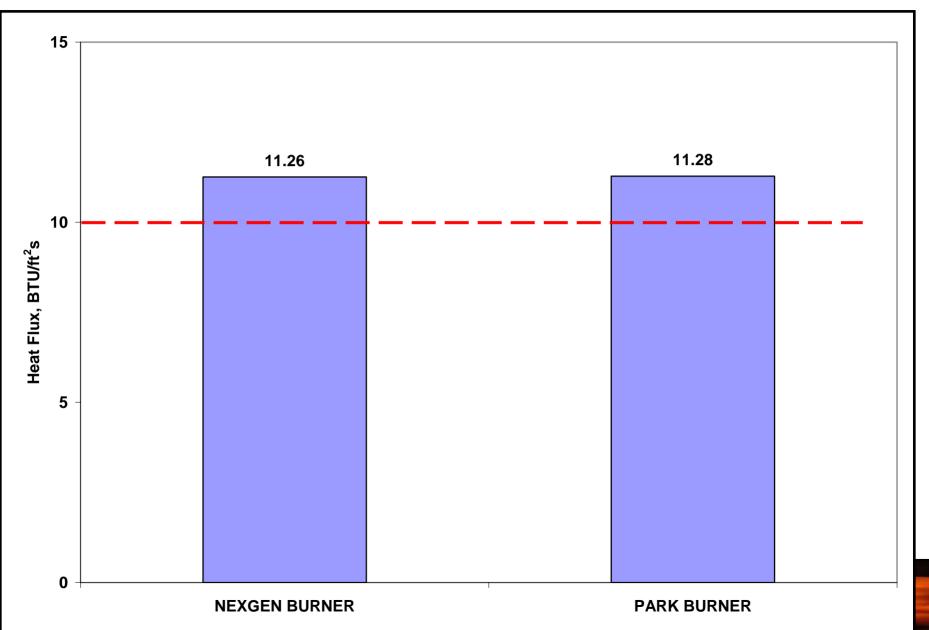




### **Measured Flame Temperatures**



#### **Measured Heat Flux**



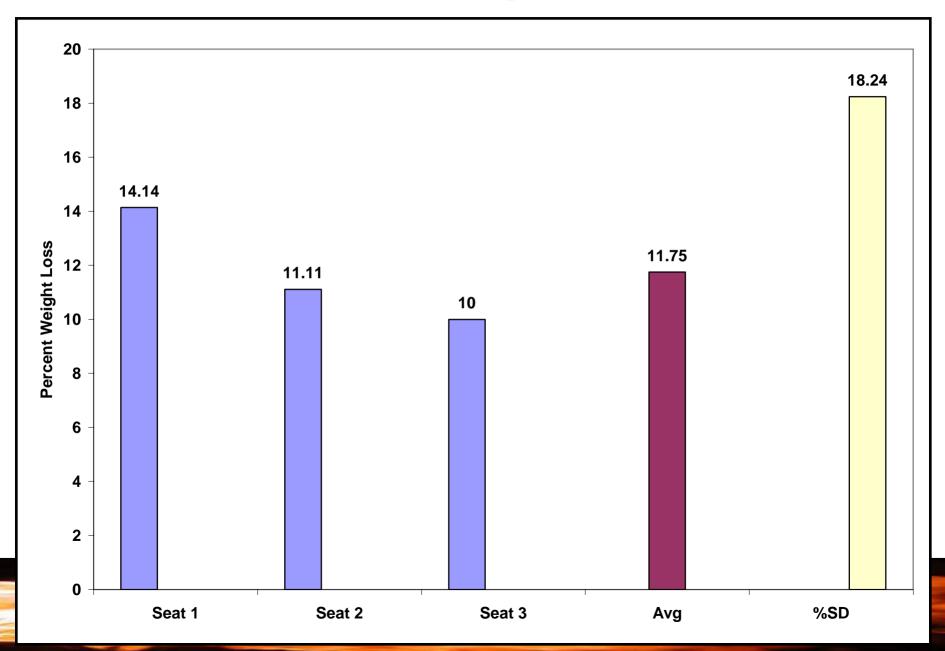
## Seat Testing

- Sample sets were obtained from the conditioning chamber
  - 3 sets of bottoms and backs for each burner
  - Cushions had fire blocking layers

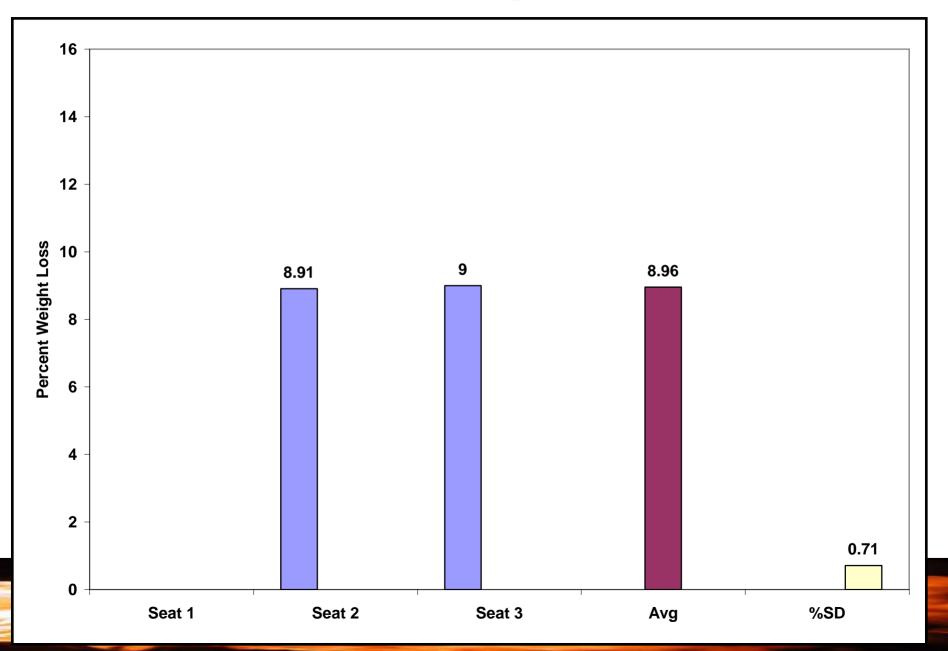




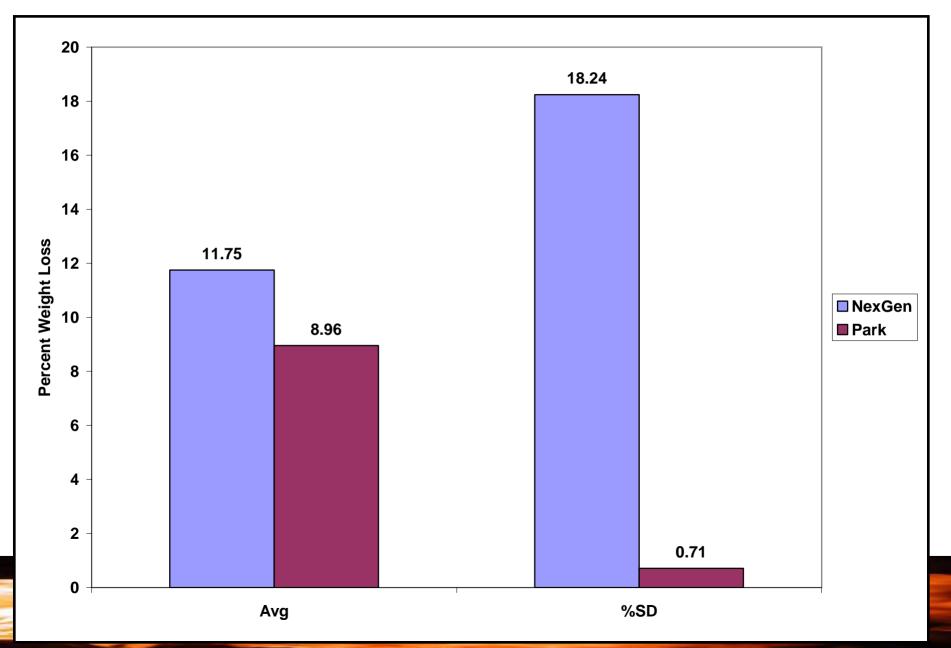
### **Seat Cushion Testing – NexGen**



#### **Seat Cushion Testing – Park**



### Comparison



# Summary

- After much trial and error testing, the NexGen burner was able to achieve burner calibration according to the specifications in chapter 7 of the Aircraft Materials Fire Test Handbook
- The NexGen burner results showed inconsistency when compared to the Park
- Despite having a slightly lower flame temperature, the NexGen burner consistenly produced higher % mass loss than the Park



### **Future Work**

- Laboratory needs some work
  - Fume hood velocity needs to be adjusted
  - Scale needs to be properly configured and more rigidly mounted

#### More comparative testing

 More testing needs to be done in order to determine burner performance



