

# THE TENTH TRIENNIAL INTERNATIONAL AIRCRAFT FIRE AND CABIN SAFETY RESEARCH CONFERENCE

## SAE A-22 AND AS6826 STATUS

**October 2022**

### **A-22 Powerplant Fire Protection and Flammability Testing Committee**

Co-Chairs: John Ostic (Boeing) & Daniel Laborie (GE)

Secretary: Brian Stewart (Spirit AeroSystems)

## Abstract

This presentation will brief the aircraft fire safety community on the current state of AS6826 Powerplant Fire Test Standard being developed by the SAE A-22 Fire Protection and Flammability Testing Committee. The A-22 was chartered by the FAA in 2018 to develop SAE standards or recommended practices to address the FAA Tasking Request pertaining to updating AC20-135. The SAE AS6826 Powerplant Fire Test Standard provides the applicant with fire test methodologies and pass / fail criteria that have been found to be acceptable means of compliance by the certification authorities to meet the applicable propulsion system component and powerplant installation fire protection requirements. In addition, as there are various guidelines for fire testing which have led to wide variations in fire test approaches and test pass/fail criteria, this document provides more prescriptive test methodologies and test pass/fail criteria standards for fire testing of various propulsion system components and powerplant installations.

## SAE A-22: Background and Purpose

The SAE A-22 Fire Protection and Flammability Testing Committee was initially formed in March 2018 to support the update of FAA AC20-135. The committee is comprised of individuals from across the industry including aviation certification authorities. The committee is responsible for creating and maintaining technical standards pertaining to acceptable means of testing aircraft and propulsion system components and their installations (CFR/CS 23, 25, 27, 29, and 33). The committee works with regulatory authorities to ensure that the standards developed support certification requirements across the globe. While the initial task was to improve upon the existing AC20-135 powerplant installation fire test standard, the scope has grown to include harmonizing test methodologies, developing recommended practices, and maintaining other test standards.

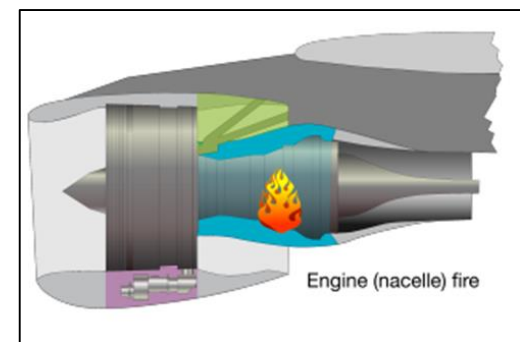
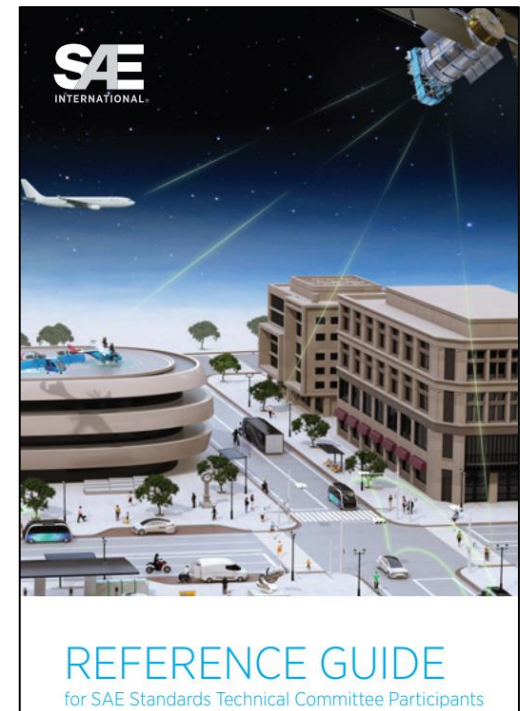


Image Courtesy of Airbus

# SAE A-22 Committee Objectives and Initial Program of Work

The objectives of the committee are to:

- Develop and publish SAE Technical Reports for testing of fire protection systems, components, and structure
- Define test requirements for aircraft and propulsion systems
- Develop performance standards for certification testing of aircraft and propulsion systems
- Define the sensitivities and accuracy of equipment used to conduct fire and flammability testing
- Harmonize global testing methodologies

## INITIAL PROGRAM OF WORK

Develop SAE standards or recommended practices to address the FAA Tasking Request to develop industry standards to update AC20-135, *Powerplant Installation and Propulsion System Component Fire Protection Test Methods, Standards and Criteria*. The proposed standards will be used to demonstrate compliance with powerplant fire protection requirements. In addition, methods used to calibrate and set-up a new sonic burner as an optional replacement for existing fire test burners will be developed.

2016 Original Top 10 Industry Needs	
1	Post-Test Burning & Backside Ignition
2	Burner & Flame Temperature
3	Flame Calibration
4	Definitions: Fireproof, Fire-Resistant, Heat Flux
5	Test Pass/Fail Criteria including TSO hoses
6	Thermocouples (Size, Type, Number)
7	Environment and Operating Conditions
8	Panel Size
9	Materials
10	Harmonize with Other Specifications and References

# SAE A-22 Committee Participants

Current SAE Roster Includes ~200 Participants from Industry and Regulatory Authorities

- Consistent and Meaningful Support from FAA, EASA, TCCA, and ANAC

## Airplane Mfg.

Airbus  
Boeing  
Bombardier  
Boom Supersonic  
COMAC  
Dassault  
Embraer  
Gulfstream  
Heart  
Mitsubishi  
Textron/Cessna  
Turkish Aerospace

## Engine Mfg.

GE  
Honeywell  
Pratt & Whitney  
Rolls-Royce  
SAFRAN



Transport  
Canada

## Helicopter Mfg.

Airbus  
Bell/Textron  
Sikorsky/Lockheed

## Certification Authorities

Brazil (ANAC)  
Canada (TCCA)  
China (CAAC)  
Europe (EASA)  
Israel (CAAI)  
United States (FAA)



## Component Mfg.

Air Liquide Tech  
Akro Fire  
Eaton  
JPR Hutchinson  
Meggitt  
Luxfer MEL Tech.  
Parker  
Titeflex  
Trelleborg  
Triumph  
Unison Industries

**MRO Engineering**  
MHIRJ

## Government Institutions

FAA Tech Center  
Naval Air Systems Command (NAVAIR)  
National Research Council (Canada)  
ONERA (France)

## Academia/Research

Concordia Univ. Montreal  
Rescoll (Bordeaux Univ.)  
University of Cincinnati  
Wichita State University



## Industry Consultants

Danker Associates  
GE Aviation  
Marlin Engineering  
Nacelle Group  
Waldron Aerosystems  
Gordon & Gordon Engineering



## Commodity Manufacturers

AIM Altitude  
GKN  
Safran Nacelles  
Spirit AeroSystems  
RTC/PW/UTC/Collins  
ST Engineering  
Zodiac Aerospace

## Standards Org.

NACE  
SAE



## Testing Facilities

ACES  
Accufleet  
Aeroblaze  
CTA  
DGA  
Element  
Govmark  
Lefae-Emitech  
NIAR  
NTS  
Resonate



# SAE A-22 Committee Groups and Documents

Committee is Currently Organized into Groups to Address Tasks Related to Several SAE Documents

- AS 6826 – Powerplant Fire Test Standard
- ARP 6828 – Powerplant Installation Level Fire Safety Assessment
- AS 4273 – Fire Testing of Fluid Handling Components for Aircraft Engines and Installations
- ARP or AS XXXX - Combustor Burn-through Guidance
- ARP or AS XXXX - Protection of Engine Mounts, Flight Controls, and Other Structure

AS6826		ASXXXX	ASXXXX	AS4273	Future Efforts
ARP6828		ARPXXXX	ARPXXXX		
Group A Temp & Heat Calibration	Group D Test Boundary Conditions	Group F Combustor Burn-through	Group G Mounts & Fire Size	Group H Fluid Handling Components	
Group B Test Pass/Fail Criteria	Group E Rotorcraft Inputs				
Group C Standard Flame & Panel Size	Group J Electrical EWIS				



# SAE A-22 Group Responsibilities and Efforts

## Group A

- Temperature Calibration
- Heat Flux Calibration
- TC and Instrumentation

## Group E

- Rotorcraft Input
- Harmonizing Flight Maneuver Loads During Fire Event

## Group B

- Post Test Burning
- Prescriptive Pass/Fail Criteria
- Industry Examples

## Group F

- Combustor Burn-Through Model
- Drafting MoCs for Hole Diameter & Shape, Case Pressure, etc.

## Group C

- Standard Flame
- Panel Size
- Burner Position/Orientation

## Group G

- Fire Protection of Engine Mounts, Flight Controls, and Other Structure
- Aligning Fire Protection and Certification Standards to 25.865

## Group D

- Environmental Boundary and Operating Conditions

## Group J

- Electrical/EWIS Regulations
- Fire Testing of Electrical Components

# AS6826 Powerplant Fire Test Standard: 2022 Significant Accomplishments

- Progressed throughout Covid-19 era via regular monthly virtual all-committee meetings and sub-group meetings
- Transitioned through changes in our regulatory (FAA) focal, one A-22 chairperson, and our SAE administrator
- Increased coordination between committee and regulatory authorities to provide guidance and feedback
- Increased coordination between regulatory authorities to facilitate harmonization
- Developed detailed plans for water calorimeter setup
- Completed industry testing of TCs size, type, and aging cycles to evaluate impact on temperature measurements
- Combined initial sub-group (A-D) documents into a single document in preparation for balloting
- Added sub-groups to address needs related to rotorcraft, electrical, combustor burn-through, engine mounts, etc.





# AS6826 Powerplant Fire Test Standard: Significant Changes

- Copper Tube Water Calorimeter as Instrument to Verify Heat Flux
  - Setup Details Defined
- Added Post Test Heat Flux Verification
  - 4500 BTU/Hr Clean, 4100 BTU/Hr Dirty
- Average Flame Temperature Calculation
- Define Thermocouple
  - Type, Size
- Use of Sonic Burner Allowed
  - Calibrated Using Same Methods as Legacy

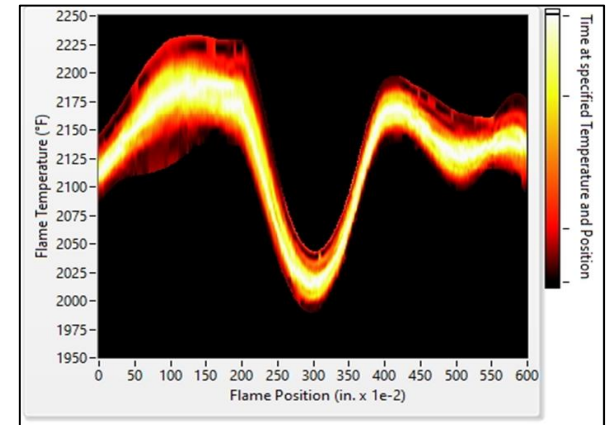
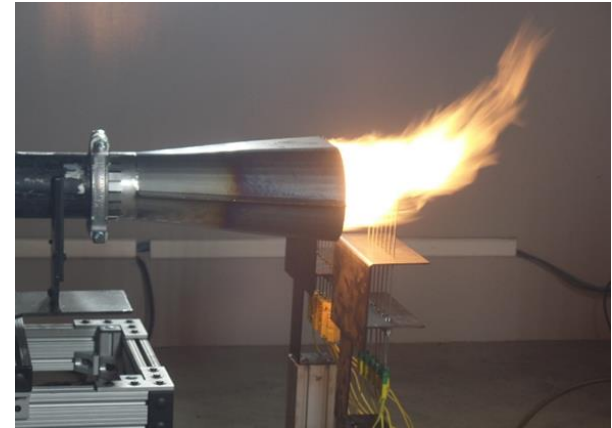


Photo Courtesy of ACES



Photo Courtesy of Resonate



Photos Courtesy of Aeroblaze Labs

# AS6826 Powerplant Fire Test Standard: Significant Changes

- Pass-Fail Criteria Defined to Allow Pass/Fail Determination at Time of Test
- Detailed Guidance for Defining Test Boundary Conditions
  - Loads (in-work)
- Post Test Residual Burning
  - Acceptance Criteria (Duration, Size)
  - Component Functionality
  - Maintaining Boundary Conditions
- No Flammable Fluid Leakage



Photo Courtesy of Eaton Aerospace

**Draft AS6826 section 6.3.1.2.2**

For any component for which mechanical loads are applicable boundary condition, the following test cases must be applied:

Test Article Boundary Condition	Time (minutes)	Ground	Flight
Mechanical Load	0 to 5	The 90th percentile for (a) (B-basis) load with the engine at idle.	The 90th percentile for (a) (B-basis) load within the operational flight envelope with the engine running.
	5 to 10	The maximum steady-state load with the engine completely stopped.	The 90th percentile for (a) (B-basis) load within the operational flight envelope with the engine shutdown/controlling.

The test distributions resulting from engine thrust and torque throughout the range of available/permissible engine power settings and their associated durations must also be considered, if applicable to the installed component.

Reference Appendix A for information regarding how the size and/or location of fire can affect the mechanical load value determined for testing.

90th Percentile (B-basis) Loads

**Conflicting Guidance**

**EASA Proposed CM-S-015 (7/7/21)**

Notification of a Proposal to Issue a Certification Memorandum

Required material properties and structural residual strength for fireproof / fire-resistance compliance demonstration

Limit Loads

???

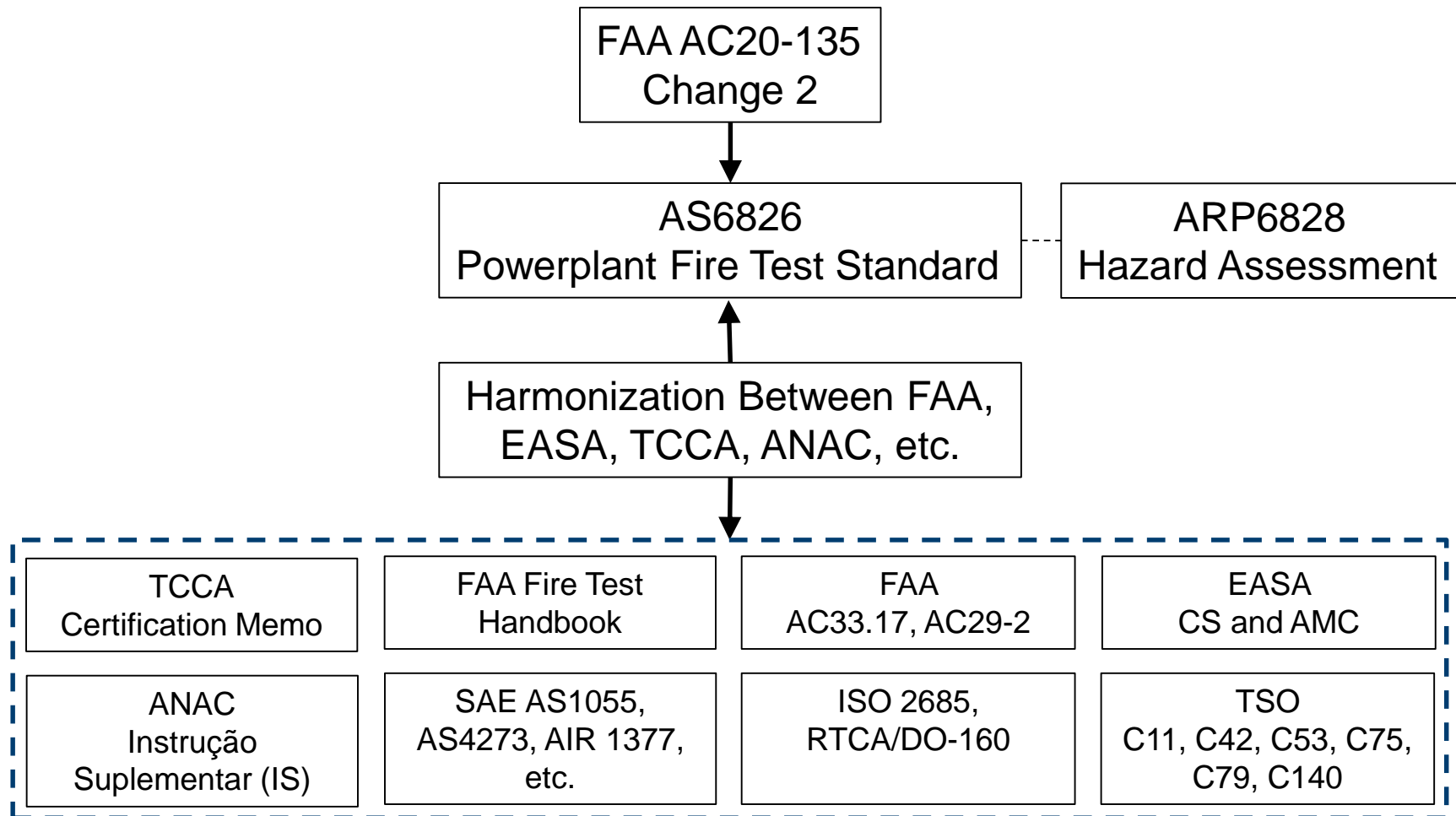
Industry Position

Regulator Position



Photo Courtesy of Resonate

# AS6826 Fire Test Standard Implementation: AC20-135 and Other Updates



Note, the new AS6826 fire test standard is intended to provide acceptable means of compliance to be recognized by FAA AC20-135 (for example, similar to AC20-155A for Lightning Protection)

# SAE A-22 Fire Test Document – Roadmap & General Timelines

Are we there yet? Almost...

## AS 6826

- AS6826 Initial Release Balloting: *November 2022*
- AS6826 document publication: *June 2023*
- FAA AC20-135 and RA Document Revisions to Reflect AS6826: *2023 – 2024*

## AS 4273

- AS4273: *June 2023*
- Revise or Stabilize Document

## ARP 6828

- ARP 6828 Completion: *October 2022 - March 2023*
- ARP 6828 Balloting: *June 2023*
- ARP 6828 Document Publication: *December 2023*

## ARP XXXX

- XXX
- XXX
- XXX

...Plus Future Efforts – Sonic Burner, Burner Mapping, Emerging Technologies...