

2001 Fire and Cabin Safety Research Conference October 2001 Evacuation Studies Session

An Update on Biodynamics Research Activities at the FAA Civil Aerospace Institute

Van Gowdy FAA Civil Aerospace Institute (CAMI) Biodynamics Research Lab





Presentation

This presentation describes some of the key recent research and impact testing projects conducted at CAMI's Biodynamics Research Laboratory.

This is an update of CAMI activities since the previous International Fire and Cabin Safety Research Conference in 1998.

All of the presented programs are in support of FAA's certification, policy, and research organizations responsible for the establishment and development of regulations and policies associated with aircraft crashworthiness.



Presentation

Child Restraints for Transport Passenger Seats
Side Facing Seats - Occupant Restraint Methods
Vertical Impact Energy Absorbing Seat Developments
Modifications to the Hybrid III ATD for FAA Seat Certification Tests

Sport Parachutists - Restraint Systems



FAA Administrator Jane Garvey Speech at NTSB Child Restraint Meeting Arlington, Virginia December 15, 1999

"Let me be clear, we are committed to two things: mandating the use of child restraint systems in aircraft and assuring that children are accorded the same level of safety as are adults."

No more belly-belts

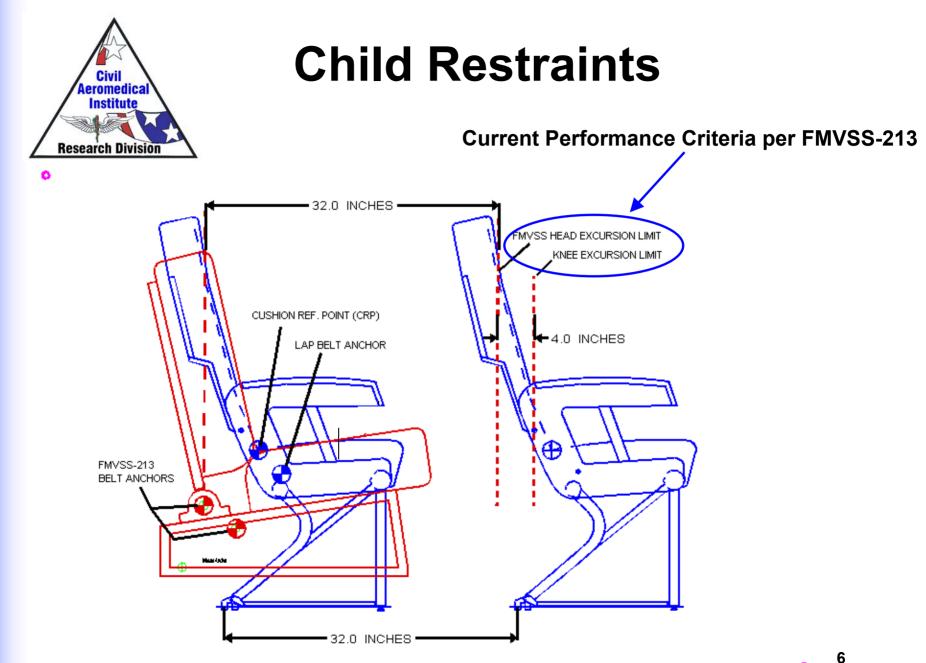
No more lap held infants

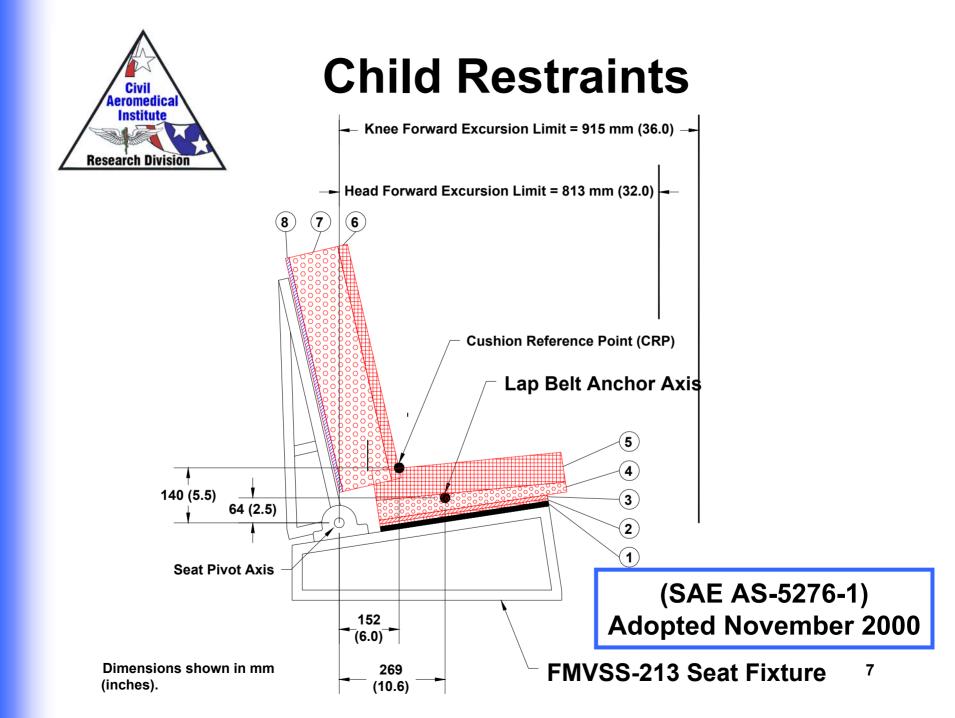


Research Activities: Development of test methodology and pass/fail criteria for new SAE Aerospace Standard.

- Conducted rigid seat tests to establish lap belt, seat cushion, and test fixture parameters.
- Methods based on criteria used in automobile child restraint regulations (FMVSS-213)





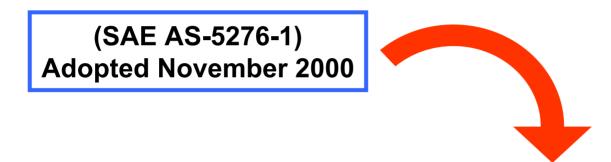






16g 44 f/s dynamic test with AS 5276 type cushions and lap belt anchor configuration



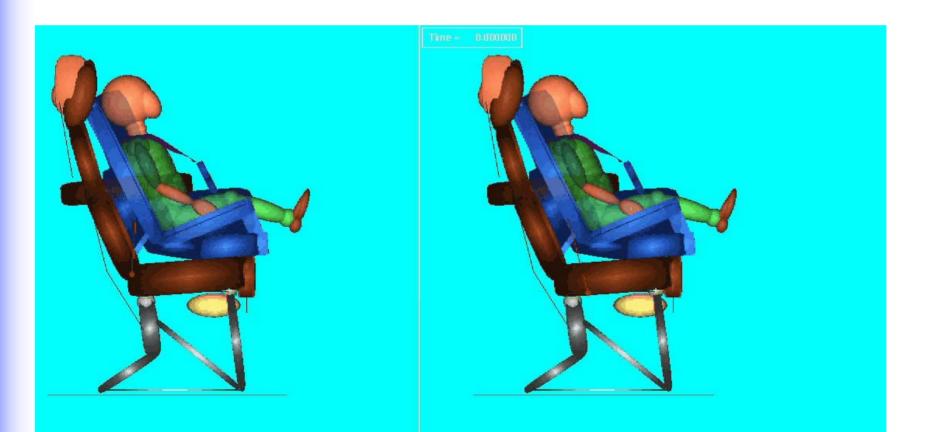


TSO C-100b Notice of Proposal - Request for Comments Federal Register Announcement - August 7, 2001



Computer Modeling of Child Restraint in Airplane Seat

"Development of a Validated Aircraft Child restraint Model" SAE 2000-0102110, Pipino, Mugnal, DeWeese SAE Advances in Aviation Safety Conf., April 2000





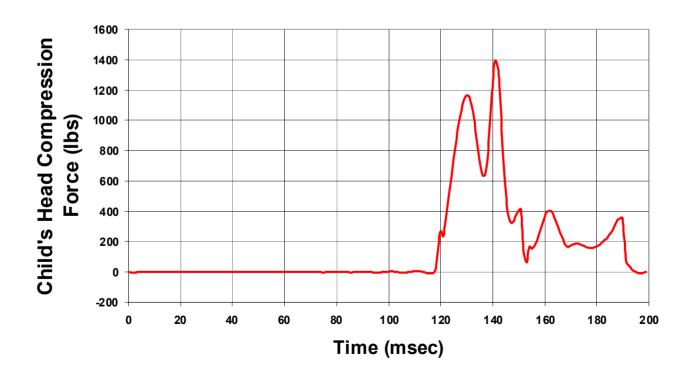
New Concepts (Golden Talon Consulting)





Continued research addressing the hazards for lap-held infants and "belly-belt" type restraints

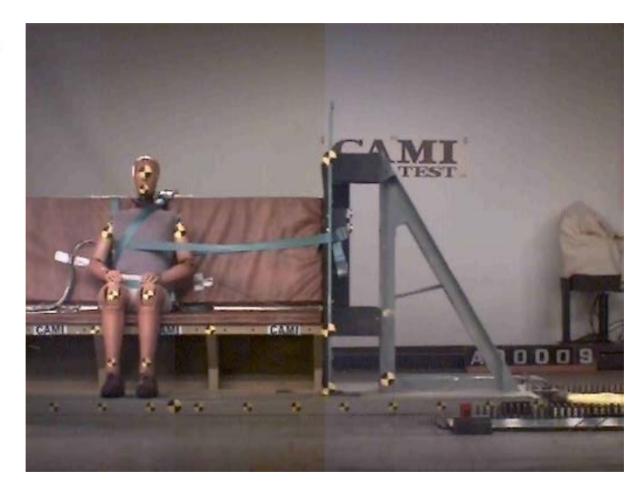
MADYMO Simulation Data : 16g Impact Condition





Inflatable Tube Torso Restraint System (ITTR) Developed by Simula Safety Systems

"Simula Lines of Inflatable Restraints Technologies" A. Grierson, D. Dutton, USAARL Report 2000-21, US Army Aeromedical Research Laboratory August, 2000



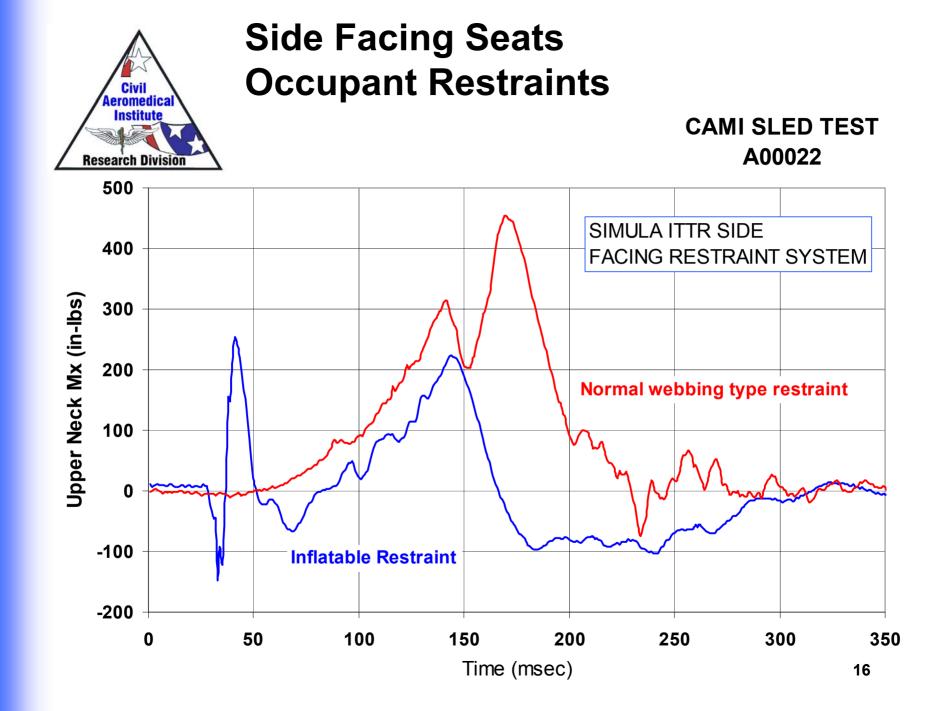


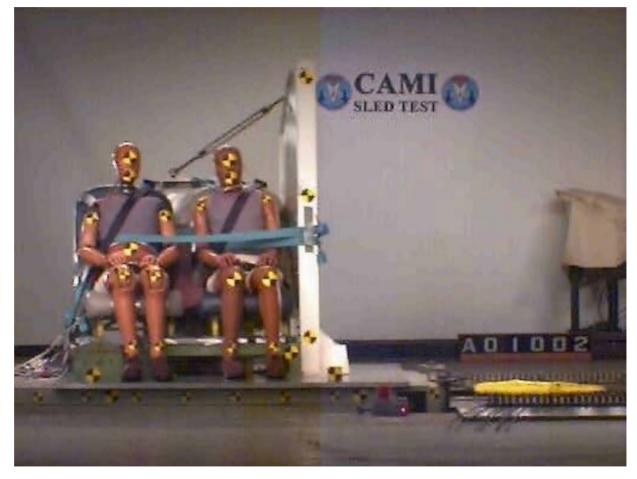














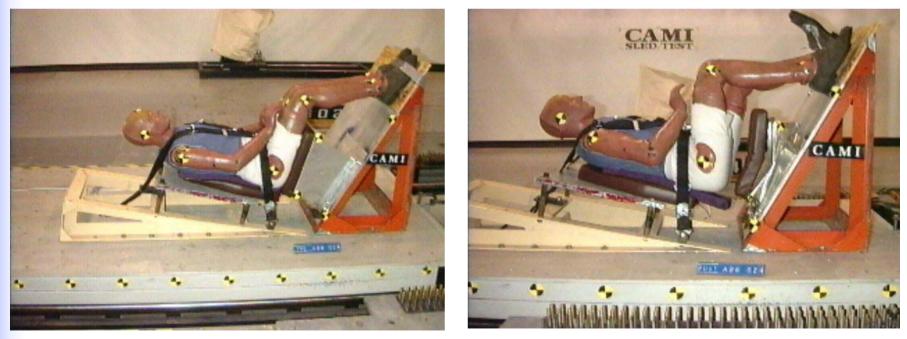
Goodrich Inflatable Restraint System Tested at CAMI 1



Vertical Impact Energy Absorbing Seat Developments

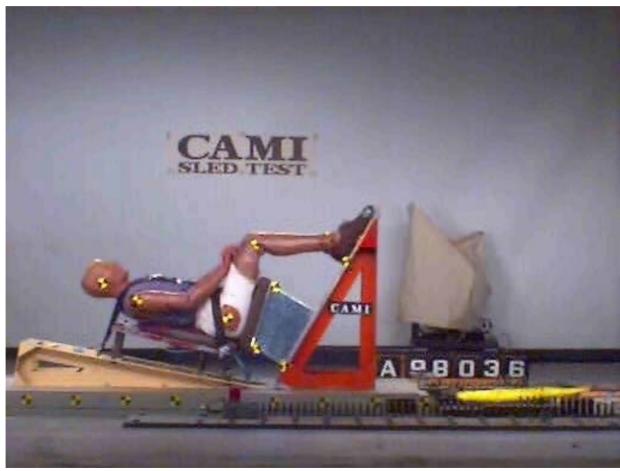
"Design and Testing of Buckling Monocoque Seating Structures for Aircraft Seats", Nicholson, Turnour, Chapman,

SAE Paper 1999-01-1599, April 1999



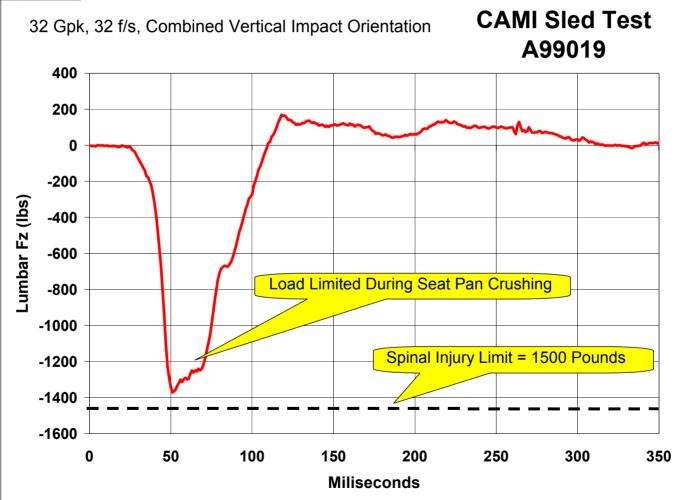


Vertical Impact Energy Absorbing Seat Developments





Vertical Impact Energy Absorbing Seat Developments





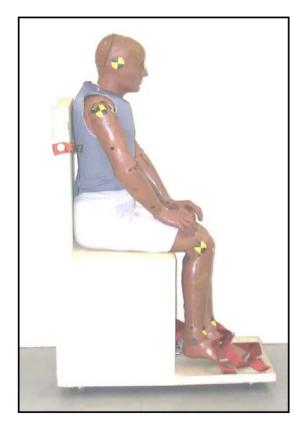
Hybrid III ATD Modification for FAA Certification Tests

"A Lumbar Spine Modification to the Hybrid III ATD for Aircraft Seat Tests",

Gowdy, DeWeese, Beebe, et.al., SAE Paper 1999-01-1699, April 1999







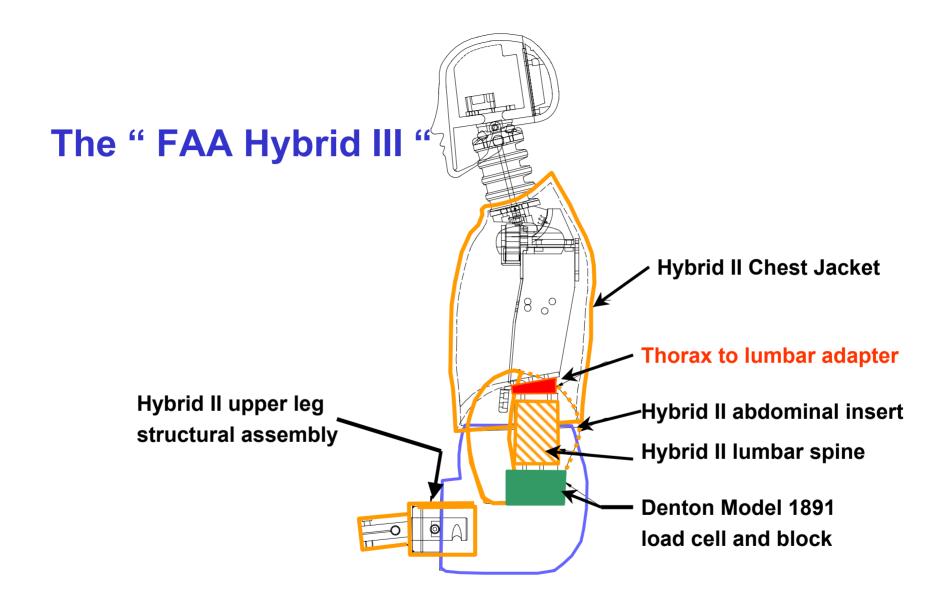


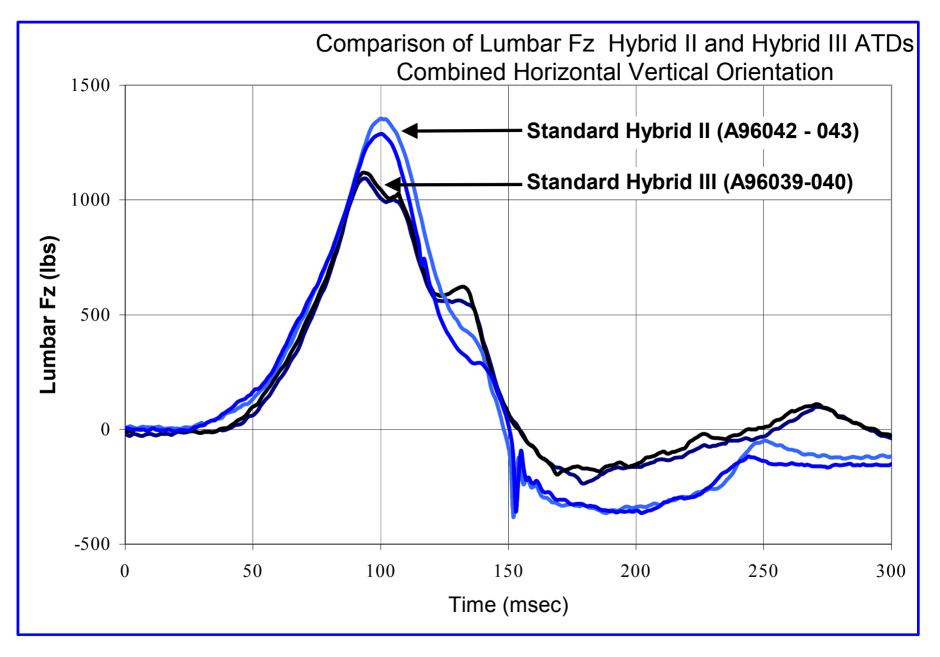


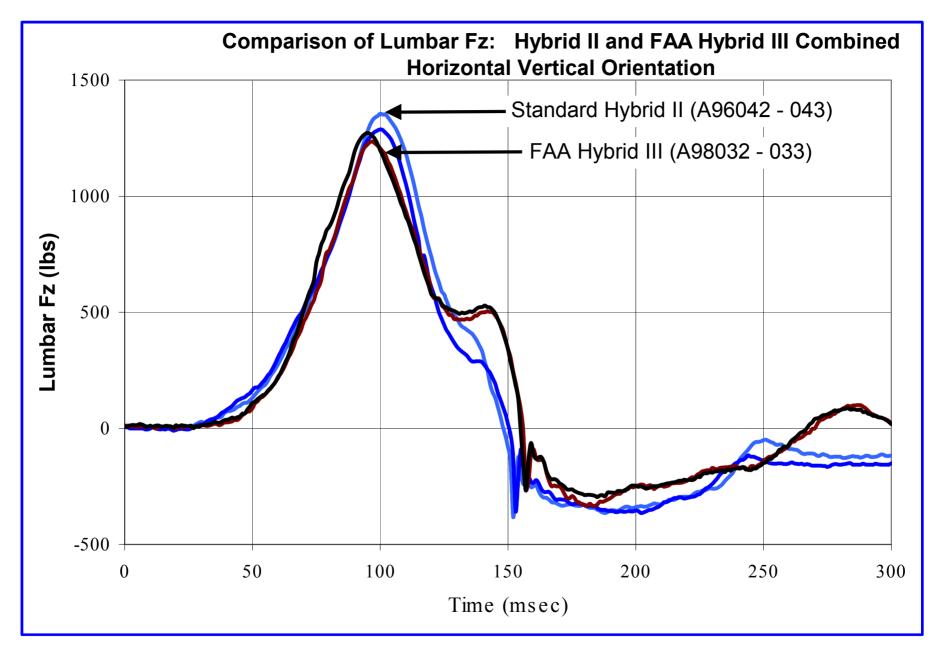
Standard Hybrid II

Standard Hybrid III

FAA Hybrid III









Evaluation of Improved Restraint Systems for Sport Parachutists

Gowdy, DeWeese FAA Office of Aviation Medicine Report DOT/FAA/AM-98/11













(Utility Aircraft Corporation and Pacific Aerospace Corp.)



10g, 32 f/s impact test